

**Type:** Compulsory  
**Title** Sanskrit Language Analysis  
**Course Code** SANS 22552  
**Pre-Requisites:** General requirements of the Faculty of Humanities to follow the Honest Degree Level 1

**Learning Outcomes:** At the end of this course unit, the students should be able to;

- Understand the Structure of words
- Explain the concept of Etymology
- Analyze the all kinds of words according to Etymology
- Compose innovative technical words
- Recognize the methods of translation

**Course Content:**

This paper consists three parts as follows.

1. Etymology in Sanskrit.
2. Translation methods for Sanskrit.
3. Technical terms in Sanskrit.

History of Etymology, theories of Etymology in Sanskrit, composition of Technical terms, derivation of Words in Sanskrit as well as the words borrowing from Sanskrit and using in other areas such as Mathematics, Science, Economics, Political Science with special reference to *Amarakośa*, *Yaska Nirukti* and specific translation methods for translation Sanskrit texts in to Sinhala / English and vice versa.

**Methodology:**

Lectures, discussions, Tutorials & presentations

**Scheme of Assessment:**

Assignments, classroom tests, oral presentations and end of the semester examinations.  
(For written examination 60%, for assignments, Presentation, in class tests 40%)

**Recommended Reading:**

Whitney, D.W., (1962).Sanskrit Grammar. Mortilal Banarsidass Publishers, Delhi.

Max Muller F., (2004).Sanskrit Grammar for Beginners, Asia Educational Services, New Delhi.

Varma, Siddhesvar, (1953). Etymology of Yaska, Visvesvaranand Institute of Publications, S.India.

Visva, Bhandu Saatri, (1960). A Complete Etymological Dictionary of the Vedic Language as recorded in the Samhitas, Lohare.

වීරසූරිය, පීතසෝම, (1991). සංස්කෘත කෝෂ සාහිත්‍යය , ඇස්, ගොඩගේ සහ සනෝදරයෝ, මරදාන, කොළඹ 10.

ගුණවර්ධන, ඩබ්ලිව්. එම්. වාසල මුදලි, (1959). සිද්ධාන්ත පරීක්ෂණය, ලංකාවේ සීමාසහිත එක්සත් ප්‍රවෘත්ති පත්‍ර සමාගම, කොළඹ.